

FORMULAIRE**CLASSIFICATION DES EDP 1D****Forme standard**

$$\underline{A} \partial_t \underline{U} + \underline{B} \partial_x \underline{U} = \underline{D} \underline{U}$$

Classification par relation de dispersion

$$\det \left(s \underline{A} + i k \underline{B} - \underline{D} \right) = 0 .$$

$$s = S_n(k) = \Sigma_n(k) - i \Omega_n(k) \quad \text{avec} \quad n = 1, \dots, M$$

Classification par existence de caractéristiques

$$\det \left(-\lambda \underline{A} + \underline{B} \right) = 0 .$$

$$(\partial_t + \lambda_n \partial_x) J_n = L_n(J_1, \dots, J_N) \quad \text{pour} \quad n = 1, \dots, N .$$

ONDES DE SURFACE HYPERBOLIQUES**Équations de Saint Venant linéaire**

$$\begin{cases} \partial_t \tilde{h} + U_0 \partial_x \tilde{h} + h_0 \partial_x \tilde{U} = 0 \\ \partial_t \tilde{U} + g \partial_x \tilde{h} + U_0 \partial_x \tilde{U} = 0 \end{cases}$$

Modes propres

$$\Omega_{1,2}(k) = \left(U_0 \pm \sqrt{g h_0} \right) k \quad \text{et} \quad \phi_{1,2} = \begin{pmatrix} \pm \sqrt{\frac{h_0}{g}} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Invariants de Riemann

$$\partial_t J_{1,2} + \lambda_{1,2} \partial_x J_{1,2} = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = U_0 \pm \sqrt{g h_0} \quad \text{et} \quad J_{1,2} = \tilde{U} \pm \sqrt{\frac{g}{h_0}} \tilde{h}$$

ONDES DE SURFACE DISPERSIVES

Équation d'Euler irrotationnelles linéarisées

$$\begin{cases} \partial_t \tilde{h} - \partial_z \tilde{\phi} = 0 \\ \partial_t \tilde{\phi} + g \tilde{h} = 0 \end{cases} \text{ en } z = h_0, \quad \Delta \tilde{\phi} = 0 \quad \text{et} \quad \partial_z \tilde{\phi} = 0 \text{ en } z = 0$$

Relations de dispersion

$$\Omega_{12}(k) = \pm \text{sign}(k) \Omega_a(k) \quad \text{avec} \quad \Omega_a(k) = \sqrt{g k \tanh(k h_0)}$$

Vitesse de groupe

$$c_g(k) = c_\varphi(k) \left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{k h_0}{\sinh(2 k h_0)} \right].$$